

## Abstract

### Acoustic Wave Transducer With Transverse Mode Suppression

5 The invention relates to a transducer that works with surface acoustic waves in which  
interfering transversal modes are suppressed. This is accomplished by mutually adapting  
to one another the transversal excitation profile of the acoustic wave and the transversal  
basic mode of the waveguide formed by the acoustic spur and adjacent exterior areas.  
This adaptation is accomplished by dividing the acoustic spur into an excitation area and  
10 marginal areas, whereby the width of a marginal area is approximately one-quarter  
wavelength of the transversal basic mode, and whereby the wave number of the  
transversal basic mode in the excitation area is zero. In one advantageous further  
development of the invention, an excitation strength that is a function of the transversal  
coordinate can be attained that is optimally adapted to the basic mode by dividing the  
15 excitation area in the transversal direction into partial spurs that are wired to one another  
serially and/or in parallel.

Figure 1